دورة العام ۲۰۱۸ العادية الخميس ۷ حزيران ۲۰۱۸ امتحانات الشهادة الثانوية العامة فرعا: الاجتماع والاقتصاد والآداب والإنسانيات وزارة التربية والتعليم العالي المديريّـة العامة للتربية دائرة الامتحانات الرسمية

مسابقة في الثقافة العلمية- مادة الفيزياء الاسم: المدة ساعة واحدة الرقم:

<u>This exam is formed of three exercises in two pages.</u> The use of non-programmable calculator is recommended

Exercise 1: (7 ¹/₂ points)

Mechanical energy

A girl standing on a platform throws a stone, considered as a particle of mass m = 0.1 kg, vertically upwards from point A found at a height $h_A = 30$ m above sea level. The stone is launched from point A with a speed $V_A = 12$ m/s, reaches its maximum height at point B, and then it falls down to reach point C at sea level (Doc. 1).

Take:

- the sea level as a gravitational potential energy reference for the system [stone, Earth];
- $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$.
- **1-** Calculate, at point A, at the launching instant:
 - **1-1**) the kinetic energy of the stone;
 - **1-2**) the gravitational potential energy of the system [stone, Earth];
 - 1-3) the mechanical energy of the system [stone, Earth].
- **2-** In this part, air resistance is neglected.
 - **2-1**) Specify the value of the mechanical energy of the system [stone, Earth] at point B.
 - **2-2**) Determine the maximum height h_B reached by the stone above sea level.
 - **2-3**) Determine the speed V_C of the stone as it reaches point C.
- 3- In reality air resistance is not neglected. The stone reaches point C with a speed $V'_{C} = 21$ m/s.
 - **3-1**) Calculate the new value of the mechanical energy of the system [stone, Earth] at point C.
 - **3-2**) Calculate the decrease in the mechanical energy of the system [stone, Earth] between points A and C.
 - 3-3) In what form of energy does this decrease in mechanical energy appear?



Exercise 2: (6 ¹/₂ points)

The americium-241 nucleus

The americium nucleus $^{241}_{95}$ Am is a radioactive nucleus which is usually used in archeology.

- 1- Indicate the number of protons and that of nucleons in the nucleus of americium $^{241}_{95}$ Am.
- **2-** The reaction of disintegration of americium $^{241}_{95}$ Am is given by :

$$^{241}_{95}\text{Am} \rightarrow ~^{237}_{93}\text{Np} + ~^{\text{A}}_{Z}X + \gamma$$

- **2-1**) Define radioactivity.
- **2-2**) Calculate A and Z indicating the used laws.
- **2-3**) Indicate the name and the symbol of the emitted particle ${}^{A}_{Z}X$.
- **2-4**) This disintegration is accompanied with the emission of γ radiation. Indicate:
 - **2-4-1**) the cause of the emission of the γ radiation;
 - **2-4-2**) the nature of the γ radiation.
- 3- The energy liberated due to this disintegration of the americium-241 nucleus is E = 5.63 MeV. Calculate, in kg, the mass defect Δm due to this disintegration.

Given:

1 MeV = 1.6×10^{-13} J; speed of light in vacuum c = 3×10^8 m/s.

Exercise 3: (6 points)

Mars

Mars, the red planet, is the fourth planet according to its average distance from the Sun. It is a terrestrial planet which can be observed by the naked eye. The period of revolution of Mars is $T_M = 1.881$ years, whereas that of Earth is $T_E = 1$ year = 365.25 days.

- **Doc. 2**
- 1- Name the terrestrial planets of our solar system.
- 2- Pick out from document 2 an indicator which shows that Mars:
 - **2-1**) is a rocky planet;
 - 2-2) contains large quantities of iron oxide in the rocks and stones scattered on its surface.
- 3- Document 2 indicates the periods of revolution of Mars and Earth.
 - **3-1**) What does the « period of revolution » of a planet represent?
 - **3-2)** Calculate, in days, the period of revolution of Mars.
 - **3-3)** Using the periods of revolution of Mars and Earth, specify which of the two planets is closer to the Sun.
 - **3-4**) State Kepler's law which confirms the answer of question (3-3).

اسس التصحيح - فيزياء فرعا: الاجتماع والاقتصاد والآداب والإنسانيات

مسابقة في الثقافة العلمية- مادة الفيزياء أسس التصحيح

Exercise 1: (7 points)

Mechanical energy

Part		Answer	Grade
1	1-1	$KE_{(A)} = \frac{1}{2} m V_A^2 = \frac{1}{2} \times 0.1 \times (12)^2 = 7.2 J$	1
	1-2	$PE_{g(A)} = mgh_A = 0.1 \times 10 \times 30 = 30 \text{ J}$	1
	1-3	$ME_{(A)} = KE_{(A)} + PE_{g(A)} = 7.2 + 30 = 37.2 $ J	1
2	2-1	$ME_B = ME_A$ because air resistance is neglected Then, $ME_B = 37.2$ J	0.25 0.25 0.5
	2-2	$\begin{split} ME_B &= KE_B + P.E_{g(B)} \\ But KE_B &= 0 \text{ (Stone is at maximum height)} \\ Then, ME_B &= PE_{g(B)} = mg h_B \\ 37.2 &= 0.1 \times 10 \times h_B \text{ ; } h_B = 37.2 \text{ m} \end{split}$	0.25 0.25 0.5
	2-3	$\begin{split} ME_{C} &= KE_{C} + PE_{(g)C} \\ But PE_{(g)C} &= 0 \text{ (Stone is at reference level)} \\ Then, ME_{C} &= KE_{C} = 37.2 \text{ J} \\ 37.2 &= \frac{1}{2} \times 0.1 \times \text{ V}_{C}^{2} \text{ ; V}_{C} = 27.27 \text{ m/s} \end{split}$	0.25 0.25 0.5
3	3-1	$\begin{split} \mathbf{M} \mathbf{E}_{\text{new}} &= \mathbf{K} \mathbf{E}_{\text{new}} + \mathbf{P} \mathbf{E}_{(\text{g}) \text{ sea level}} \\ \mathbf{B} \mathbf{u} \mathbf{P} \mathbf{E}_{(\text{g}) \text{ sea level}} &= 0 \text{ (On the reference level)} \\ \mathbf{M} \mathbf{E}_{\text{new}} &= \frac{1}{2} \times 0.1 \times (21)^2 = 22.05 \text{ J} \end{split}$	0.5
	3-2	The mechanical energy decreases by: $ME_A - ME_C = 37.2 - 22.05 = 15.15 \text{ J}$	0.5
	3-3	The form is thermal energy	0.5

Exercise 2 (6¹/₂ points)

The americium-241 nucleus

Question			Answers	Mark
1			The number of protons is $Z = 95$ The number of nucleons is $A = 241$	0.5 0.5
2	2-1		Radioactivity is a spontaneous transformation of a nucleus into another, with emission of radioactive radiation.	1
	2-2		Laws of conservation of mass number and charge number (Soddy's laws) 241 = 237 + A, then $A = 495 = 93 + Z$, then $Z = 2$	0.25 0.5 0.5
	2-3		Helium nucleus Symbol : ${}^{A}_{Z}X = {}^{4}_{2}He$	0.25 0.5
	2-4	2-4-1	Gamma radiation is emitted due to the downward transition (de- excitation) of the daughter nucleus $^{237}_{93}$ Np	0.5
		2-4-2	Electromagnetic radiation	0.5
3			$E = \Delta m c^2$	0.5
			$\Delta m = \frac{E}{c^2} ; \Delta m = \frac{5.63 \times 1.6 \times 10^{-13}}{\left(3 \times 10^8\right)^2}$	0.5
			$= 1.00088 \times 10^{-29} \text{ kg}$	0.5

Exercise 3 (6 points)

Mars

Qu	estion	Answer	Mark
	1	Mercury, Venus, Earth and Mars	1
2	2-1	It is a terrestrial planet	0.5
	2-2	The red planet	0.5
3	3-1	The period of revolution is the duration (or time needed) of one complete revolution of the planet around the Sun.	1
	3-2	$T_M = 1.881 \times 365.25 = 687.035$ days.	1
	3-3	$T_M = 1.881$ years > $T_E = 1$ year Therefore, the Earth is closer to the Sun.	0.5 0.5
	3-4	Statement of Kepler's 3 rd law : The period of revolution of the planet increases with the average distance from the Sun.	1