

نموذج مسابقة (يراعي تعليق الدروس والتوصيف المعدل للعام الدراسي 2016-2017 وحتى صدور المناهج المطورة)

Obligatory set: Using Concepts and Techniques (8 pts.)

1. Classify each of the following elements into two groups, justifying your answer for each group. (1 pt.)

General system - Monitoring public resources - Control and balance - Unified and simple - Provision of social services – Unilateral analogue

2. Extract the intruder and justify your answer (1 pt.)

a. Freedom of publication - Acquisition and adoption of values - Freedom of candidacy (nomination) - Freedom of elections - Freedom of expression

b. School certificates - Income - Property - Profession - The others' view of an individual's position

3. Affirm, through an idea or an example, the truthfulness of the following statement. (0.50 pt.)

When there is a change in a society, then it will affect the culture of this society.

4. Differentiate, by providing 1 difference only, between the following concepts: (1 pt.)

a. The concept of security and the concept of solidarity

b. The wide concept and the narrow concept for social stratification

5. Find the relation between the following concepts. (2 pts.)

a. Labor and social integration

b. The ideology of the state and social policy

6. In the context of a study on the prevalence of whatsapp (communication method) and its impact on adolescent social relations, you were asked to do the following:

a. Determine the type of sample selected for this study and justify your answer. (0.50 pts.)

b. Prepare a questionnaire addressed to adolescents tackling the following two points:

• Reasons for their desire to use this method

• Parents' position of permanent use.

Place a list of two closed-ended questions with 3 alternatives (a question for each of the given ideas) (1 pt.)

c. Prepare an interview with an educational specialist to discuss:

• The impact of these networks on the proficiency of the Arabic language

• Its implications on the Lebanese culture

Place one question for each of the given ideas (1 pt.)

Choose one of two sets- First choice set- Analyzing Documents (12 pts.)

Document 1:

The Lebanese youth constitute an important group of people at the demographic level, but they bear the burdens of living and unemployment and are considered more vulnerable than others, especially in light of the weakness of the current educational system. However, youth participation in public life is still not required and the potential is due to the absence of a youth policy and its organization, and due to the difficult living conditions, which indicates that the youth's energy is not productive for the benefit of development and social construction. The challenges facing the current generation are great, while young people are cautious about direct political action because of the experience of war.

The youth generation faces the challenge of modernity and globalization on the threshold of the 21st century, which is a unique cultural challenge, never faced before by any generation earlier in this way.

المصدر: ملامح التنمية البشرية المستدامة في لبنان - برامج الأمم المتحدة الانمائي - 1997 - ص 155-156 (بتصرف)

Document 2:

Although Lebanese laws treat young people at the age of 18 as adults having legal capacity, so they are held accountable for any breach or failure of their duties and responsibilities. However, they are deprived of their right to vote, which disrupts the rule of law dealing with the people and the State, which states that everyone has rights and duties. How do to apply to an 18 year old son certain penal laws and is asked for testimony in personal documents and he is prevented from his right in election polls and in voting?

Reducing the age of voting will contribute to the development of political and social awareness among young people, who will feel responsible when choosing representatives in the Parliamentary Board...

When young people find no room to participate in expression and change through the legitimate institutions, it is no wonder that his confidence in his institutions will vanish or he turns into a negative citizen, or is seen away not exercising his role in public life and is being indifferent to what is happening, and this would increase the gap between him and his officials and rulers.

المصدر: حوار الاجيال، كتاب يصدر عن برنامج شباب لبنان الواحد، الجزء الاول سنة 1997.

Document 3:

The main factors driving Lebanese youth to emigrate are the lack of employment opportunities due to the size of the public debt and the accompanying rise in unemployment rates. The obsession with the search for freedom has been a magnet for the emigration of a large number of Lebanese because of their lack of a political democratic climate of and their need for modern sciences and the requirements of cultural creativity.

Despite some of the positives that accompanied migration in the past, it has now become a serious social crisis, which has grown alarmingly and has threatened the pillars of Lebanese society, which have created a defect in the population pyramid and deprived the country of young forces capable of change. This fact requires addressing the reasons that made young people make a decision to migrate a few months after graduation from university, which led to the emergence of a new category of Lebanese immigrants, including the holders of higher degrees and holders of technical specialization.

المصدر: مسعود ضاهر، كيف نحدّ من هجرة المثقفين؟ سنة 2002 (بتصرف)

By referring to the given documents, answer the following questions:

1. Specify the social segment that the first document is talking about, and determine the role it is supposed to play. (1 pt.)
2. Extract from the same document, two of the problems encountered by this social segment and two of its causes. (1 pt.)
3. Deduce, from document 2, the absent condition needed for achieving social integration, providing an appropriate proof. (1 pt.)
4. Show the reflection of this problem on the individual, on one hand, and on society, on the other hand, providing an appropriate proof for each. (1.50 pts.)
5. According to document (3), clarify 3 reasons for migration decisions taken by young people, citing the conditions that are absent for integration. (1.50 pts.)
6. Evaluate the results of emigration. (1 pt.)
7. Find the relationship between documents 1 and 2 on one hand, and document 3 on the other hand. (1 pt.)
8. The documents show the reality of young people and the problems facing them. Based on the given documents and your acquired knowledge, write a text specifying the situation in which young people live in Lebanese society, and two of its reasons, indicating the type of change we need in Lebanese society and its reflection on society, proposing 2 measures that should be adopted, stating the responsible parties and showing the intended result. (4 pts.)

Second choice set- Studying a social subject (12 pts.)

Document 1- Studies conducted by the Ministry of Social Affairs and other official bodies showed that 28% of Lebanese are below the poverty line with a total income of less than \$650/month. As a result, these families are actually living at about \$20/day. However, the expenditure of these families includes housing, food, electricity, water, education and other basic needs. According to studies, the total income of 70 thousand families is less than 300 and 350 dollars.

This conclusion does not neglect the need to give priority to tackling this type of poverty, but it should be a substitute for broader and wider treatments that affect hundreds of thousands of Lebanese who suffer from a deficit between spending and income.

Despite the codification of balanced development, there are still many deprived areas, especially the governorate of Akkar whose people suffer as a result of the successive policies of governments towards them. What is worse, is the low economic and social reality of the population, which leads children to be part of the labor market and increases the level of ignorance and underdevelopment. The figures show that the inequality index is clearly visible and concentrated in the north, which means the worst manifestations of poverty as a result of inequality.


المصدر: جريدة اللواء بقلم عزة الحاج حسن شبباني 13- 10- 2012

Since the emergence of the Care State in Lebanon, it has sought to alleviate the inequalities and achieve social justice, but more than 50 years later, the indicators continue to indicate the aggravation of this crisis and its correlation with poverty and the exacerbation of social problems, forcing the state to reconsider and adopt social policies that would put an end to these problems.

Based on the data presented in the document and your acquired knowledge, discuss this issue focusing on the following points:

- The concept of the care state and its connection with the concept of development
- The social inequalities in Lebanon and its various dimensions

- Problems arising from the increase in inequality
- 3 appropriate procedures to be adopted.

<p>المادة: علم الاجتماع الشهادة: الثانوية العامة الفرع: الاجتماع والاقتصاد نموذج رقم - 5 - المدة : ثلاث ساعات</p>	<p>الهيئة الاكاديمية المشتركة قسم: الاجتماع والاقتصاد</p>	 <p>المركز العربي للبحوث والدراسات</p>
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اسس التصحيح (تراعي تعليق الدروس والتوصيف المعدل للعام الدراسي 2016- 2017 وحتى صدور المناهج المطورة)

Obligatory set: Using Concepts and Techniques (8 pts.)

1. (1 pt.)

Characteristics of The Social Security System	Functions of the Welfare State
Unified and simple General system Unilateral analogue	Provision of social services Monitoring public resources Control and balance

(0.50 pts. For classification / 0.50 pts. For titles)

Any 1 wrong answer provided in classification, the student will lose 0.25 pt., whereas 2 wrong classifications, then the student will lose 0.50 pt.

2. (1 pt.)

a. The intruder is: Acquisition and adoption of values (0.25 pt.)

Justification: Since it is one of the cultural-educational conditions of integration, whereas the remaining elements are the political conditions of integration. (0.25 pt.)

b. The intruder is: The others' view of an individual's position (0.25 pt.)

Justification: Since it is a subjective measure for social stratification whereas the remaining elements are objective measures. (0.25 pt.)

3. (0.50 pt.)

The intervention of any new technique or change in the pattern of work. (Any valid example given by the student), may lead to a change in the pattern of relations, customs, traditions and the prevailing value system, and affect the culture of this society. (0.50 pts.)

4. (1 pt.)

a. The concept of security and the concept of solidarity (0.50 pts.)

The concept of security	The concept of solidarity
Insurance is financed from the professional subscriptions.	Solidarity is financed from the ascending taxation system.

b. The broad concept and the narrow concept for social stratification (0.50 pts.)

The broad concept for social stratification	The narrow concept for social stratification
Social stratification refers to the set of social discrimination guidelines that are based on the unequal distribution of resources and positions within a society.	It considers social classes as opposing groups in conflict with each other and is not capable of communication with one another.

5. (2 pts.)

a. In a work setting (freedom of work and its conditions) of the employed / worker merges more quickly than the unemployed / the employed / worker enjoys a better social level and these are the most important factors to achieve integration. (1 pt.)

- b. The more the ideology of the state is neoliberal / democratic, then the more it adopts a reformed social policy to achieve change. (1 pt.)

6. A questionnaire addressed to adolescents:

a. Type of sample selected for this study: Intended or chosen Sample (0.25 pt.)

Justification: The study covers a category of adolescents which is chosen from a specific age group. (0.25 pt.)

b. **Questionnaire**

• **Reasons for their desire to use this method**

- Why do you use Whatsapp?

Ease and frequency of communication

Cheap price

Variety in the content of messages

• **Parents' position of permanent use**

- What is your parents' opinion about using Whatsapp?

Indifference

Ban

Encourage its use

Any alternative (choice) concerning its title is true if it is purposeful (for each correct question 0.50 pts.)

c. **An interview with an educational specialist:**

• **The impact of these networks on the proficiency of the Arabic language**

How does the use of WhatsApp weaken the Arabic language and its rules?

• **Its implications on the Lebanese culture**

What is the impact of the spread and use of WhatsApp on social relations between people?

(0.50 pts. for each correct question the student can ask any other question if it is true)

Choose one of two sets- First choice set- Analyzing Documents (12 pts.)

1. (1 pt.)

The social segment: Youth (0.50 pts.)

Its role: To contribute to the building of society economically, politically and culturally. (0.50 pts.)

2. (1 pt.)

2 problems: Unemployment / participation in public life less than the required / high living burdens / confronting modernity. (0.25 pt. per problem)

2 causes: Weak educational system / absence of a youth policy that energizes its vulnerability / weakness of the concept of citizenship / deviation / extremism / conflict. (0.25 pt. / cause)

3. (1 pt.)

The absent condition: The political condition (0.50 pts.)

Proof: How to apply to an 18-year-old son certain penal laws and is asked for testimony in personal documents and he is prevented from his right in election polls and in voting? (0.50 pts.)

4. (1.50 pts.)

The reflection of the problem on the individual (0.50 pts./ Reflection): Loss of rights leads to transforming the individual into a negative citizen.

Proof (0.25 pts. / proof): Non-compliance with the law - Evasion of law / Lack of integration / Emigration

The reflection of the problem on society (0.50 pts. / Reflection): The citizen losing confidence in the state leading to an increase in class loyalties.

Proof (0.25 pts. / proof): Increase in Sectarian and regional inequalities.

5. (1.50 pts.)

3 reasons for migration: Lack of job opportunities / High public debt / The absence of a climate of freedom / The need for modern sciences. 0.25 (0.25 pt. / reason)

Absent condition for integration: Cultural-educational conditions – Socio-economic conditions - Political conditions (0.25 pt. per condition)

6. (1 pt.)

The results of migration (0.50 pts. for each result)

- Positive result: Immigrant countries provide the requirements of cultural creativity and their outlook on modern sciences.
- Negative result: It created a defect in the population pyramid and deprived the country of young forces capable of change.

7. (1 pt.)

The first and second documents show the weakness of job opportunities available to young people, the living conditions they face, their lack of participation in public life, and the challenges of modernity and modernity led citizens to lose their confidence in their homeland and made them lost energies, which was reflected negatively, pushing them to emigrate searching for better opportunities, which is reflected in document 3 (1 pt.)

8. (4 pts.)

- The situation is: The lack of integration. (0.50 pts.)
- The reasons: Absence of democracy / unemployment. (0.50 pts.)
- Type of change: Natural change (0.25 pt.)
- 2 Reflections: Weak confidence in the country / brain drain / demographic imbalance / imbalance in population pyramid / decline of youth / productivity deficit (0.50 pts.).
- 2 procedures: Creating job opportunities / Reducing the age of voting ... (or any correct procedures) (0.50 pts. / procedure)
- Responsible parties: The State and its institutions - The private sector (0.50 pts.)
- Expected outcome: Justice, equality and integration (0.50 pts.) (0.25 pt. of consistency of text)

Second choice set- Studying a social subject (12 pts.)

Introduction (3 pts.)

Methodology (1.50 pts.); content (1.50 pts.)

The importance of the topic: (0.50 pt.) The Lebanese society suffers from the aggravation of fundamental problems such as poverty and inequality in all its forms, which necessitates rapid treatment before the outbreak of conflicts.

Time / place framework: (0.25 pt.). Lebanon at the present time

Problematic: (0.50 pt.) The problem is whether the Lebanese state can overcome social inequality by achieving the objectives of the Care State.

Outline: (0.25 pt.)

- The concept of the care state and its connection with the concept of development
- The social inequalities in Lebanon and its various dimensions
- Problems arising from the increase in inequality
- 3 appropriate procedures to be adopted.

Body (7 pts.)

(Methodology (2 pts.)- Content (5 pts.))

- The concept of the care state and its connection with the concept of development

The Care State is the state that plays a role in economic and social affairs. It provides social protection systems and seeks to achieve social justice and equality among all members of society in order to reduce social conflict, thereby promoting human and economic development / linking the concept of comprehensive development in the social policies of socialist systems. (1 pt.)

- The social inequalities in Lebanon and its various dimensions

The differences between people in their social and economic situations, and consequently in their life opportunities because of the unequal distribution of social and economic resources and opportunities. This difference is due to social factors rather than inherited natural and biological factors. (0.50 pts.)

Its various dimensions: Economic, Regional, and Social (with examples from the text)

The economic dimension is that one-third of the Lebanese live with incomes ranging between \$650 and \$800, and they are so fragile that any shock may cause them to fall under the upper poverty line. The biggest problem is the fall of the middle class and its collapse more than the crisis of the worst types of poverty. (0.50 pts.)

There are still many deprived areas, especially the governorate of Akkar, whose people suffer as a result of successive policies of governments towards them. What is worse, is the low economic and social reality of the population. (0.50 pts.)

- 4 Problems arising from the increase in inequality (0.25 * 4 = 1 pt.)

- Rural to urban migration and population overcrowding
- Increased urban poverty / lack of services in the city
- Child labor and dropout from school / Lack of integration
- Increased ignorance and underdevelopment / conflict
- Emigration (to abroad)
- Increased incidence of delinquency and lawlessness

- 3 appropriate procedures to be adopted. (0.50 * 4 = 1.50 pts.)

- The comprehensive economic development for all sectors, especially productivity sectors.
- Combating the rise in random prices.
- Raising wages commensurating with the rising price index.

- Adopting a balanced development policy and attention to the poorest areas through the economic development of the agricultural sector and providing the necessary assistance to farmers in production, distribution and consumption.
 - Creating job opportunities, especially for youth, by supporting productive projects and encouraging investments.
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- Achieving comprehensive social security and strengthening social and health services in all regions.
 - Attention to public education, especially in poor areas and the application of compulsory and free education.
- (0.5 pts. / Procedure)

Conclusion (2 pts.)

Methodology (0.50 pt.)- Content (1.50 pts.)

Summary of the subject: (0.50 pt.). The role played by the care state in reducing social inequality in Lebanon and the different consequences. (0.5 pts.)

Answering the problematic: (0.50 pt.) When the state adopts a policy of balanced development and cares for all segments of society, thus, it achieves justice and equality, and reduces poverty, inequality, emigration and migration.

Opening new horizons: (0.50 pt.) How can the state promote the principle of partnership between the state and the civil society forces to achieve sustainable human development and eradication of social lesions (problems)?